

**WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:**

1. A method for determining a solution to a set of constraints, comprising:
  - generating a graph data structure representation, comprising one or more nodes, each node having an associated range;
  - 5 identifying a first plurality of bit-slice constraint nodes, each selecting from a range of bits of a first variable;
  - 10 converting the first plurality of bit-slice constraint nodes into a second plurality of bit-slice constraints, wherein none of the bit-slice constraints, of the second plurality of bit-slice constraints, select a range of bits that overlaps with a range of bits selected by any other of the bit-slice constraints;
  - generating a value for the first variable that satisfies the second plurality of bit-slice constraints.
- 15 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the step of converting comprises:
  - indicating, in relation to the first variable, two marking bits for each node of the first plurality of bit-slice constraint nodes.
3. The method of claim 2, wherein the step of converting comprises:
  - 20 identifying a bit range, of the second plurality of bit-slice constraints, as being denoted by a first marking bit and a second marking bit, wherein a third marking bit is not in-between the first marking bit and the second marking bit.
4. The method of claim 1, wherein the step of generating comprises:
  - 25 selecting a value from a range determined for each bit-slice constraint of the second plurality of bit-slice constraints.
5. The method of claim 4, wherein the step of generating comprises:
  - concatenating each value selected from the range determined for each 30 bit-slice constraint of the second plurality of bit-slice constraints.

6. A method for evaluating bit-slice nodes in a word-level network, comprising:

generating a graph data structure representation, comprising one or more nodes, each node having an associated range;

5 identifying a first plurality of bit-slice nodes, each selecting from a range of bits of a first operand;

converting the first plurality of bit-slice nodes into a second plurality of bit-slice selectors, wherein none of the bit-slice selectors, of the second plurality of bit-slice selectors, select a range of bits that overlaps with a range of bits

10 selected by any other of the bit-slice selectors;

determining a first range of values, for the first operand, that satisfies the second plurality of bit-slice selectors.

7. A computer program product comprising:

15 a computer usable medium having computer readable code embodied therein for evaluating bit-slice nodes in a word-level network, the computer program product including:

computer readable program code devices configured to cause a computer to effect generating a graph data structure representation, comprising one or 20 more nodes, each node having an associated range;

computer readable program code devices configured to cause a computer to effect identifying a first plurality of bit-slice nodes, each selecting from a range of bits of a first operand;

25 computer readable program code devices configured to cause a computer to effect converting the first plurality of bit-slice nodes into a second plurality of bit-slice selectors, wherein none of the bit-slice selectors, of the second plurality of bit-slice selectors, select a range of bits that overlaps with a range of bits selected by any other of the bit-slice selectors;

30 computer readable program code devices configured to cause a computer to effect determining a first range of values, for the first operand, that satisfies the second plurality of bit-slice selectors.

8. An electromagnetic waveform comprising a computer program, the computer program for evaluating bit-slice nodes in a word-level network, the computer program comprising the following steps when executed by a data processing system:

generating a graph data structure representation, comprising one or more nodes, each node having an associated range;

identifying a first plurality of bit-slice nodes, each selecting from a range of bits of a first operand;

10 converting the first plurality of bit-slice nodes into a second plurality of bit-slice selectors, wherein none of the bit-slice selectors, of the second plurality of bit-slice selectors, select a range of bits that overlaps with a range of bits selected by any other of the bit-slice selectors;

15 determining a first range of values, for the first operand, that satisfies the second plurality of bit-slice selectors.